

Training School 2023 | Toulouse, France









EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN= Nutritional Challenge

UNILEON/CSIC Experimental population















WP1 - SMARTER Feed Efficiency







UNILEON-CSIC Dataset

40 Animals phenotyped

Animal_ID	Treatment n	neanBW	BWC1	days_period	Fat	Protein	Milk	intake	energyTMR	DIM
61472	Control	66.9	-1	31	66.2	49.1	2.63	2.61	0.93	23
61473	Control	73.4	0	31	59.8	46.1	2.55	2.714	0.93	29
61474	Control	66.1	0.6	31	55.3	49.8	1.53	2.462	0.93	32
61477	Challenge	54.4	-6	31	71.7	50.6	2.18	2.307	0.93	31
61480	Control	66.8	0	31	55.4	49.6	2.63	2.985	0.93	50
61483	Control	77.9	0	31	52.8	49.6	3.04	3.156	0.93	28
61484	Control	58.7	2.6	31	56.7	46.1	2.53	2.985	0.93	52

- *Animal_ID*: Animal identification
- *Treatment*: Categorical variable indicating if the animals was subjected (*challenge*) or not to (*control*) a protein restriction (~40% reduction)
- meanBW: Average body weight (kg)
- **BWC1**: Body weight change during the experimental period
- *days_period*: Days in the experiment
- *Fat:* Fat yield (g/kg)
- **Protein**: Protein yield (g/kg)
- Milk: Milk yield (kg/d)
- *intake*: Actual dry matter intake
- energyTMR: Energy content of the total mixed ratio (TMR)
- **DIM**: Days in milk



FEED EFFICIENCY INDEX (FEI)

$$FEI = DMI_R - DMI_P$$

- DMI_R is the mean value of <u>recorded</u> DMI over the experimental period
- DMI_P is the mean value of <u>predicted</u> DMI for the experimental period

$$DMI_P = NE_R / NE_{TMR}$$

- NE_R is net energy requirements (UFL/d) for maintenance, milk production, and BW change [using the equations proposed by INRA (2018)]
- NE_{TMR} is the net energy of the TMR (UFL/kg DM) [estimated from INRA (2018) nutritional value tables]



FEED CONVERSION RATIO (FCR)



ECM = kg/d of milk yield × [($0.0071 \times g/kg$ of milk fat) + ($0.0043 \times g/kg$ of milk protein) + 0.2224



RESIDUAL FEED INTAKE (RFI) – see Pryce et al. (2015) Parameters used to calculate RFI

	Days in milk	DIM	days	Milk yield MY kg/d		
	Dry matter intake	DMI	kg DM/d	Milk fat MF g/kg		
	Body weight	BW	kg	Milk protein MP g/kg		
	BW change	BWC1	kg (period)	Milk lactose ML g/kg		
	BW change	BWC2	kg/d	Milk fat yield MFY g/d		
	Metabolic BW	MBW	kg	Milk protein yield MPY g/d		
	MBW change	MBWC1	kg (period) kg/d	Milk lactose yield MLY g/d		
	MBW change	MBWC2		Energy corrected milk ECM kg/d 🍸		
Y	Interaction BW × BW change	BWBWC	change/d	RFI was estimated as the residuals of the following		
			$DMI = \mu + a \times ECM + b \times MBW + c \times BWBWC + RFI$ (R ² regression model selected = 0.80)			



RESIDUAL FEED INTAKE 2 (RFI2) Parameters used to calculate RFI

Days in milk	DIM	days	Milk yield MY kg/d		
Dry matter intake	DMI	kg DM/d	Milk fat MF g/kg		
Body weight	BW	kg	Milk protein MP g/kg		
BW change	BWC1	kg (period)	Milk lactose ML g/kg		
BW change	BWC2	kg/d	Milk fat yield MFY g/d		
Vetabolic BW	MBW	kg	Milk protein yield MPY g/d		
MBW change	MBWC1	kg (period)	Milk lactose yield MLY g/d		
MBW change	MBWC2	kg/d	Energy corrected milk ECM kg/d 🌱		
Interaction BW × BW change	BWBWC	change/d	RFI was estimated as the residuals of the following		
			regression model: DMI = $\mu + a \times ECM + b \times MBW + c \times MBWC2 + RFI$		

(R² regression model selected = 0.80)



RESIDUAL FEED INTAKE 3 (RFI3) Parameters used to calculate RFI

	Days in milk	DIM	days	Milk yield	MY	kg/d
	Dry matter intake	DMI	kg DM/d	Milk fat	MF	g/kg
	Body weight	BW	kg	Milk protein	MP	g/kg
	BW change	BWC1	kg (period)	Milk lactose	ML	g/kg
	BW change	BWC2	kg/d	Milk fat yield	MFY	g/d
	🗸 Metabolic BW	MBW	kg	Milk protein yield	MPY	g/d
	MBW change	MBWC1	kg (period)	Milk lactose yield	MLY	g/d
	MBW change	MBWC2	kg/d	Energy corrected milk	ECM	kg/d 🌱
۷	Interaction BW × BW change BWBWC2 change/period			RFI was estimated as the residuals of the following regression model: DMI = $\mu + a \times ECM + b \times MBW + c \times BWBWC2 + RF$		

(R² regression model selected = 0.80)



Hands on

<u>https://github.com/pablobio/FeedEfficiency_SMARTER2023</u>



