



Genetics Research

Nóirín Mc Hugh, Nicola Fetherstone, Edel O'Connor, Eoin Dunne, Henry Walsh & Fiona McGovern

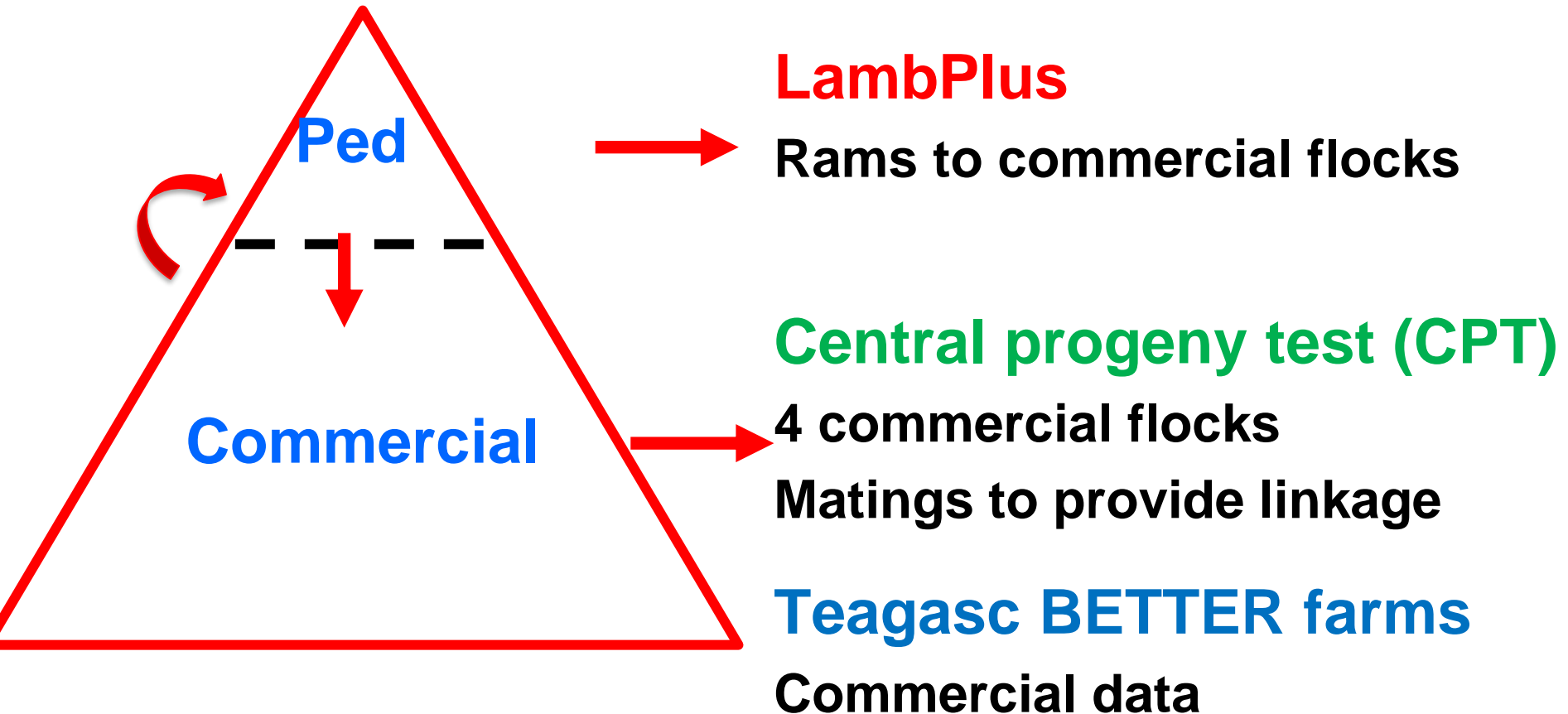
Education Staff IST, 7th July 2021

Outline

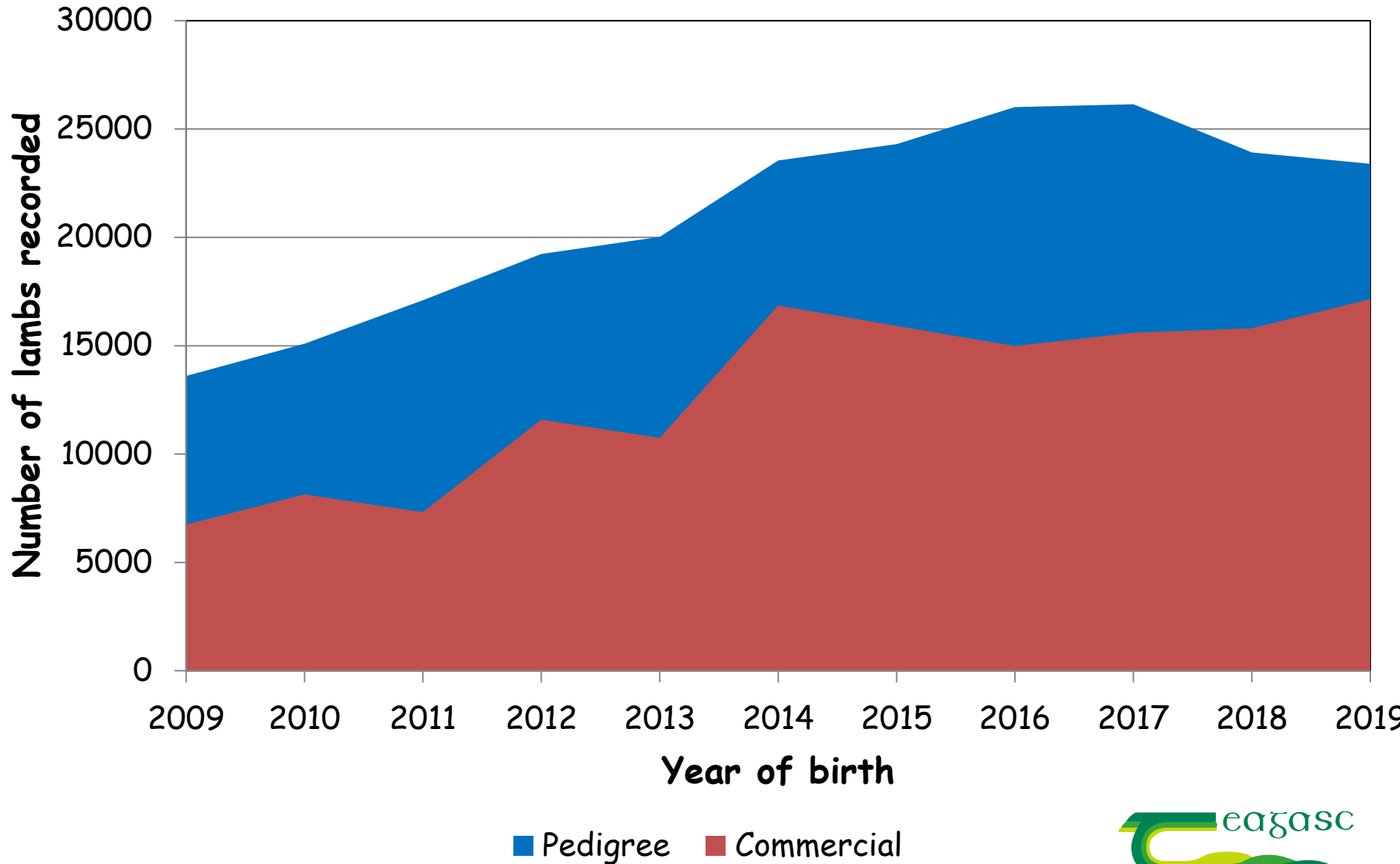
1. Overview Irish breeding programme
2. Genomics
3. INZAC flock & validation
4. Methane Research

Irish sheep breeding programme

Data Sources



Commercial data



Irish sheep breeding programme



Breeding Objectives

Terminal

Replacement



What's included?

Terminal

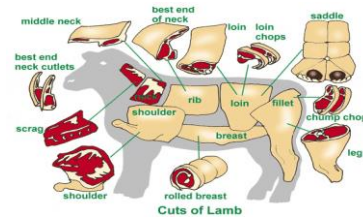
Lambing



Growth



Carcass



Health

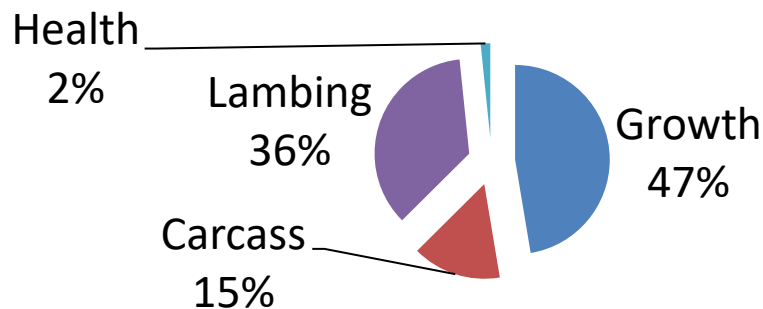


Difficulty &
Survival

Days to
slaughter

Carcass fat &
conformation

Lameness &
dag score



What's included?

Replacement

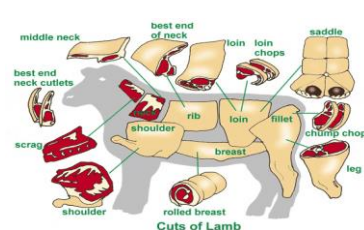
Ewe traits



Lambing



Carcass



Health



Milk Yield

No. lambs born

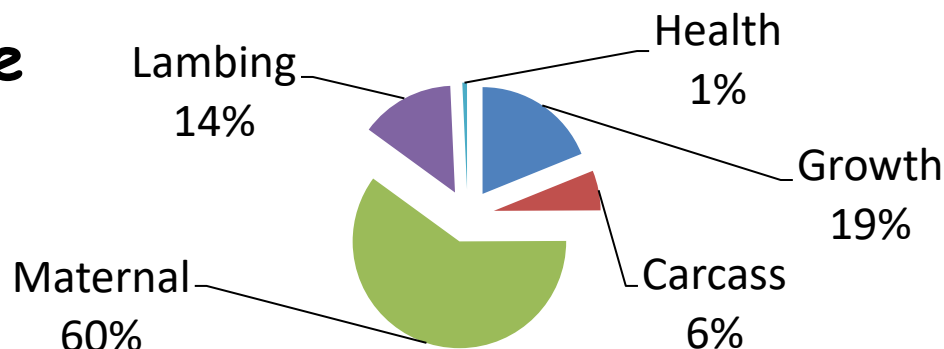
Ewe weight

Barren Rate

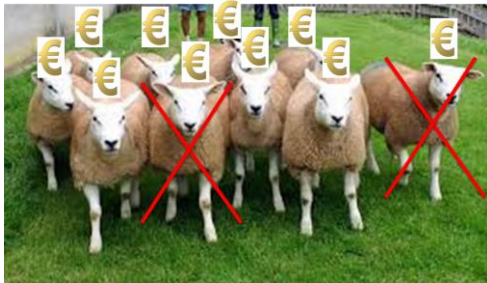
Difficulty &
Survival

Carcass fat &
conformation

Lameness &
dag score



Recent Improvements to the Evaluation



Parentage Corrections



Scrapie Validation



Carcass Data



ACROSS-BREED GENOMIC EVALUATIONS

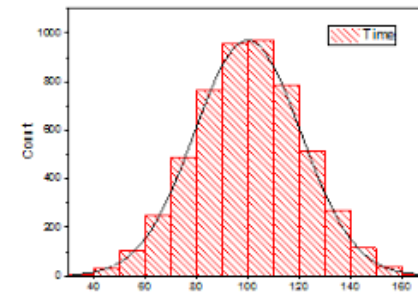
Across-Breed Model



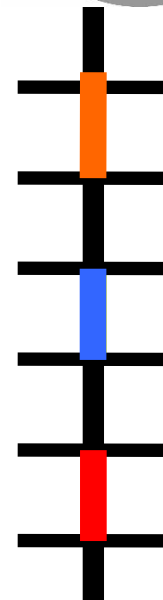
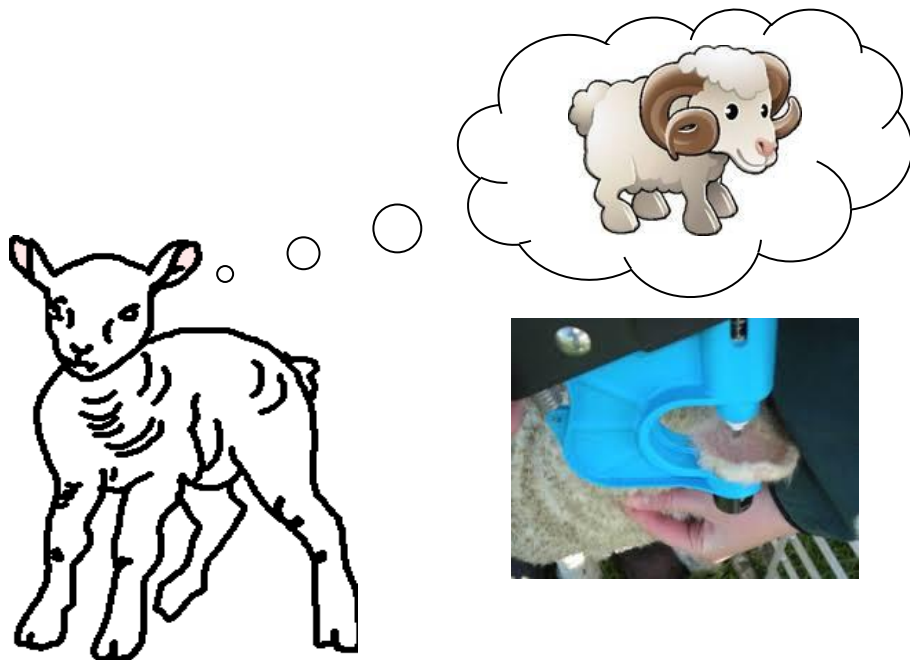
New Traits

- Barren Rate
- Lameness
- Dag Scores

Updating Genetic parameters



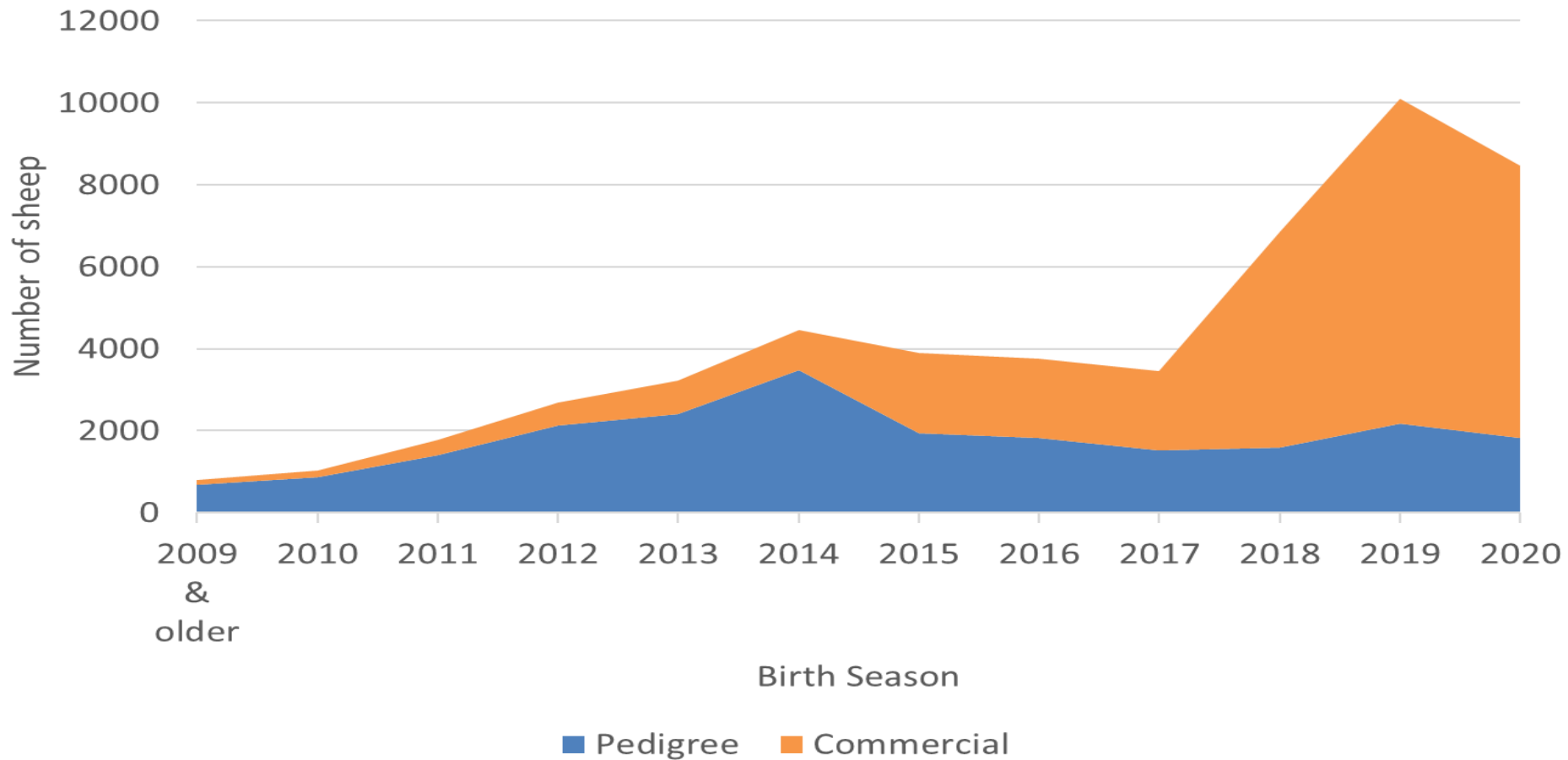
Genomic Selection



- At birth we know parts of the lamb's DNA
- Lamb accuracy increase by 15 to 52%
 - » Equiv. of 6 (51) progeny for high (low) h^2

Genotyped animals by birth year

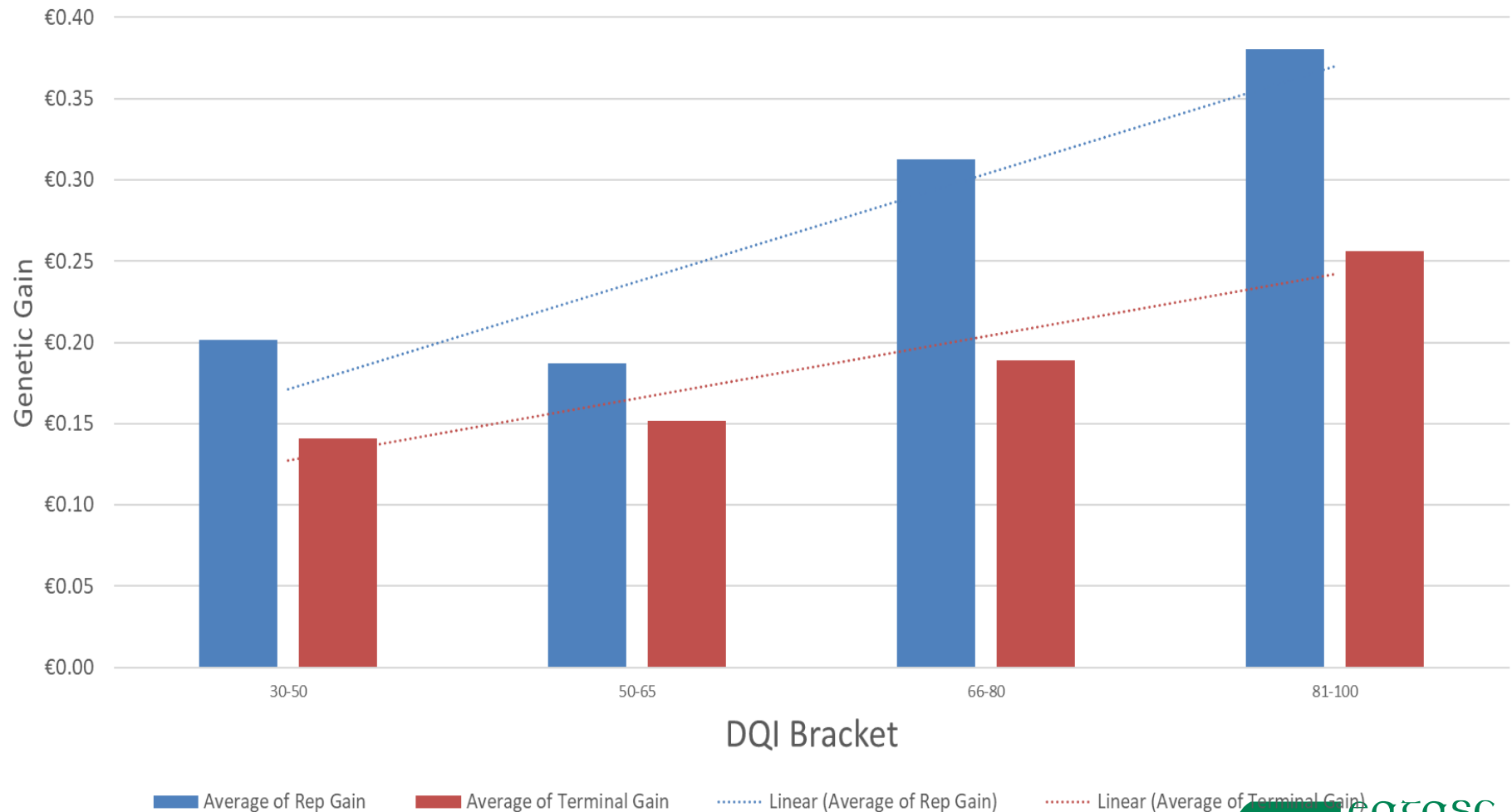
50,000 sheep Genotyped



DQI - Data Quality Index

- Quantity and quality of data entered by breeders
 1. Timeliness
 2. completeness
 3. Quality of recording
- Indication of how engaged breeders are in the Eurostar system
- Purchasing animals with a high DQI → indexes are as accurate as possible

High DQI flocks making more Genetic Gain



Sales Catalogue

Owner: Finbarr Godfrey (DQI: 99%); Churchground, Kilgarvan, Co. Kerry

Breeder: Finbarr Godfrey; Churchground, Kilgarvan, Co. Kerry

Animal

IE042576105092D

H521006

Cregeen

DOB: 01-Jan-2021

Charollais

Male

Twin

Parentage DNA Verified

Ancestry

Bawnard Bob

D3215045



Knockin Sylvia

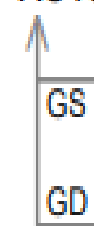
17XXJ00375

Redtrench Volcano

J6020008

Cregeen

H518015



Duiske Oscar

D817016

Cregeen

H514013

EuroStars

06/05/2021

Replacement (€3.48)

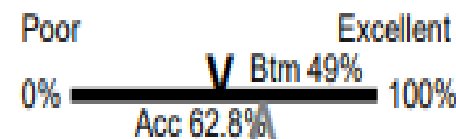
Acc 67% Rank Top 3%

Terminal (€2.2)

Acc 67% Rank Top 4%



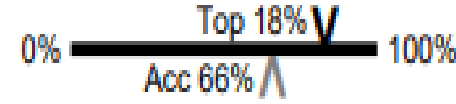
Lamb Survivability
(-0.08%)



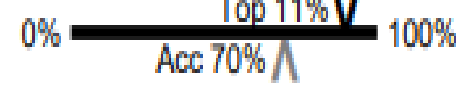
Days to Slaughter
-18.88 days



No. of Lambs Born
(€0.87)



Daughters Milk
(€0.14)



Comment:

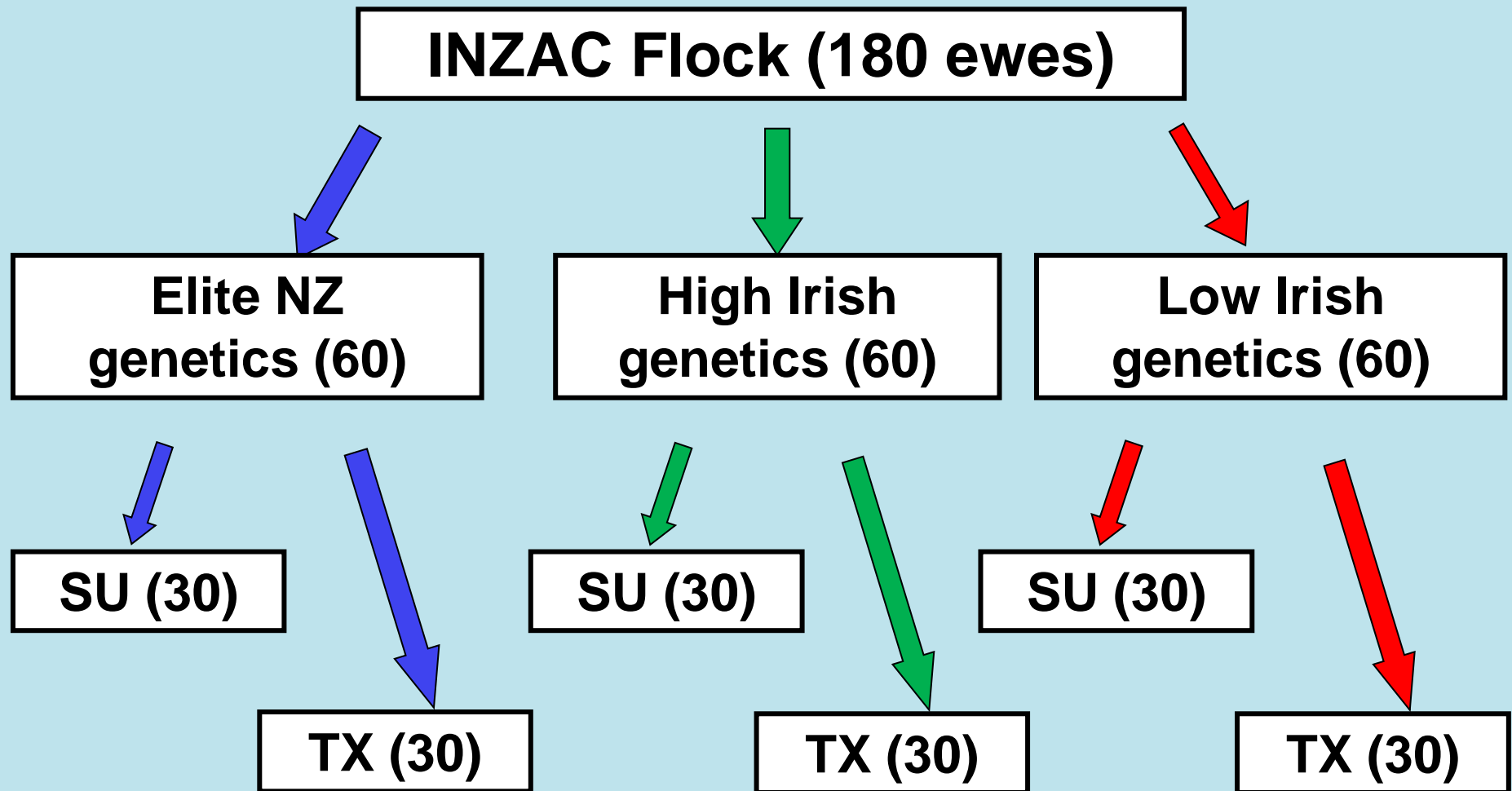
Future Traits

- FEC
- Methane emissions
- Survival to Weaning
- Ewe longevity/Stay-ability
- Mastitis

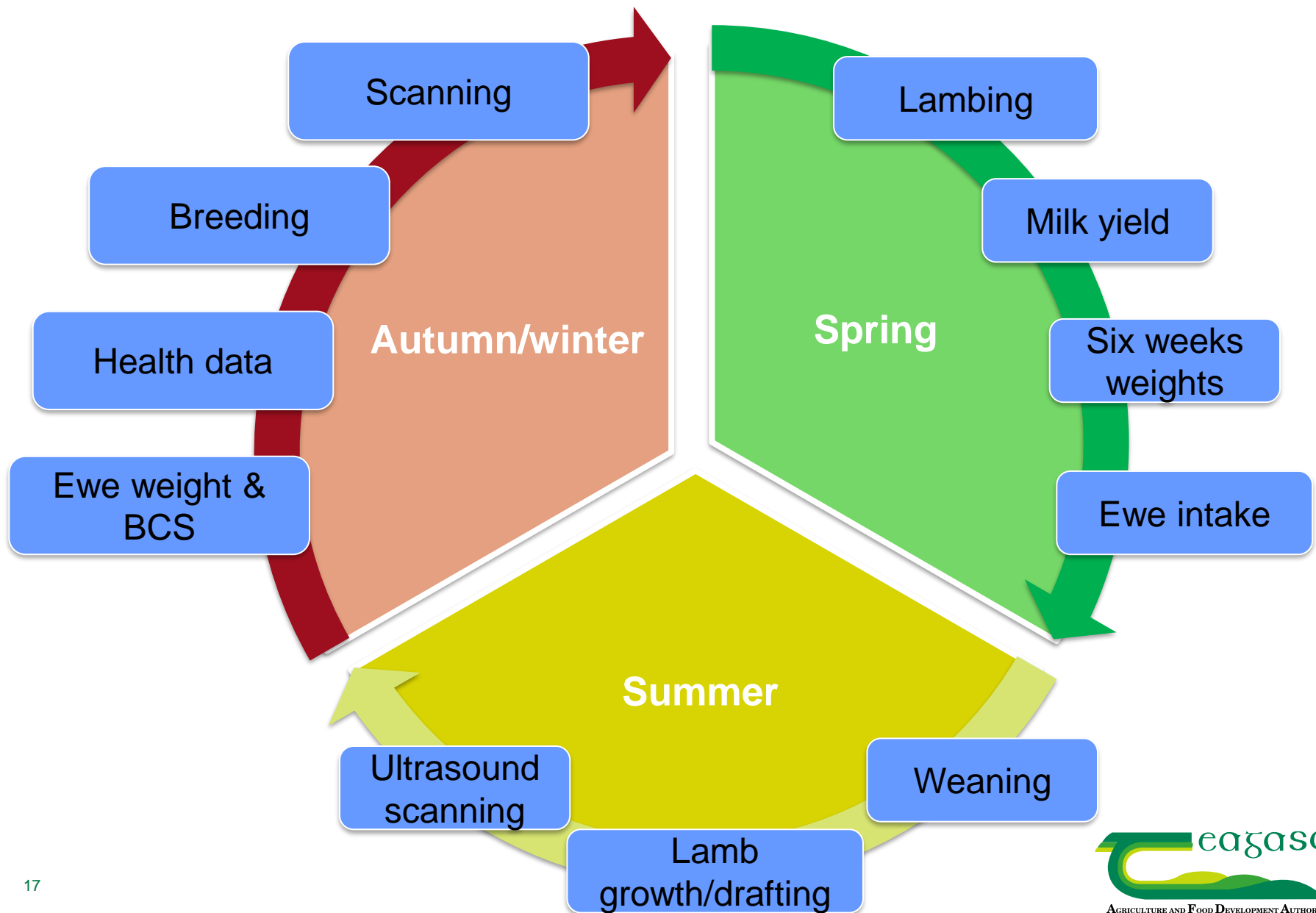


Validation of indexes - INZAC

Study Design



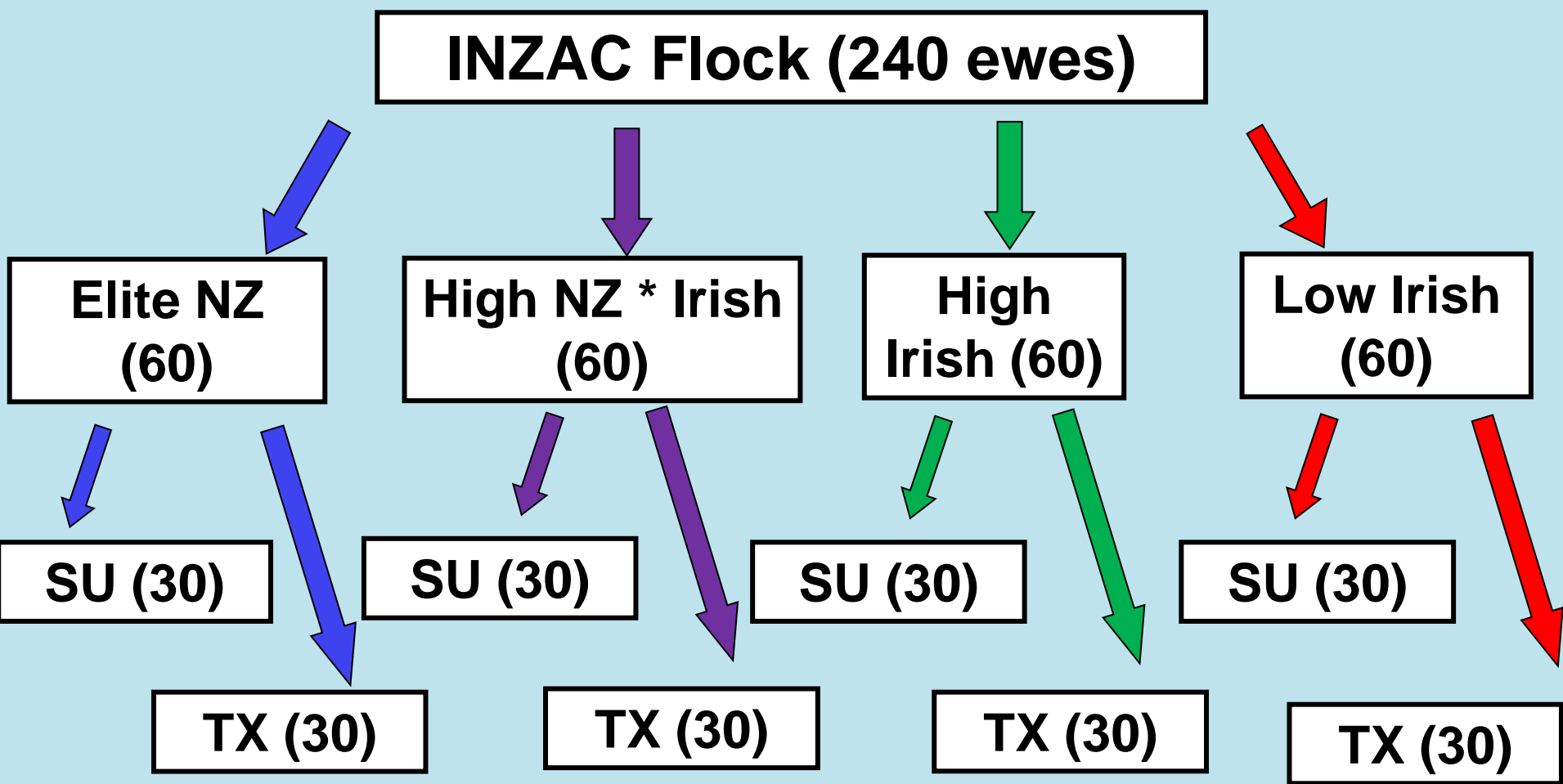
Phenotypes measured (2016-2019)



Results to date

	NZ	Elite Irish	Irish Low
Litter Size	1.96	1.76	1.73
Dystocia	13%	24%	24%
Lamb Mortality	5.1%	4.7%	6.7%
Milk Yield	3.56	3.48	2.99
DTS	154	163	170
Feed intake	28	27	35
Ewe wt: litter wt	0.62	0.62	0.59

INZAC II



What's different?

- Evaluate new changes to indexes
 - Genomic Selection
 - Across breed
 - Health and carcass data
- Carcass data
 - subset of lambs from each group slaughtered
- Focus on efficiency traits:
 - Greenhouse gases
 - Feed intake/ efficiency

Developing tools to measure GHG in sheep



Climate & Environment

Comment: Farming cannot be left off the hook when it comes to climate action

The 2030 Agri-Food Strategy does not go far enough in relation to emissions reduction from agriculture and places an unfair burden on other sectors

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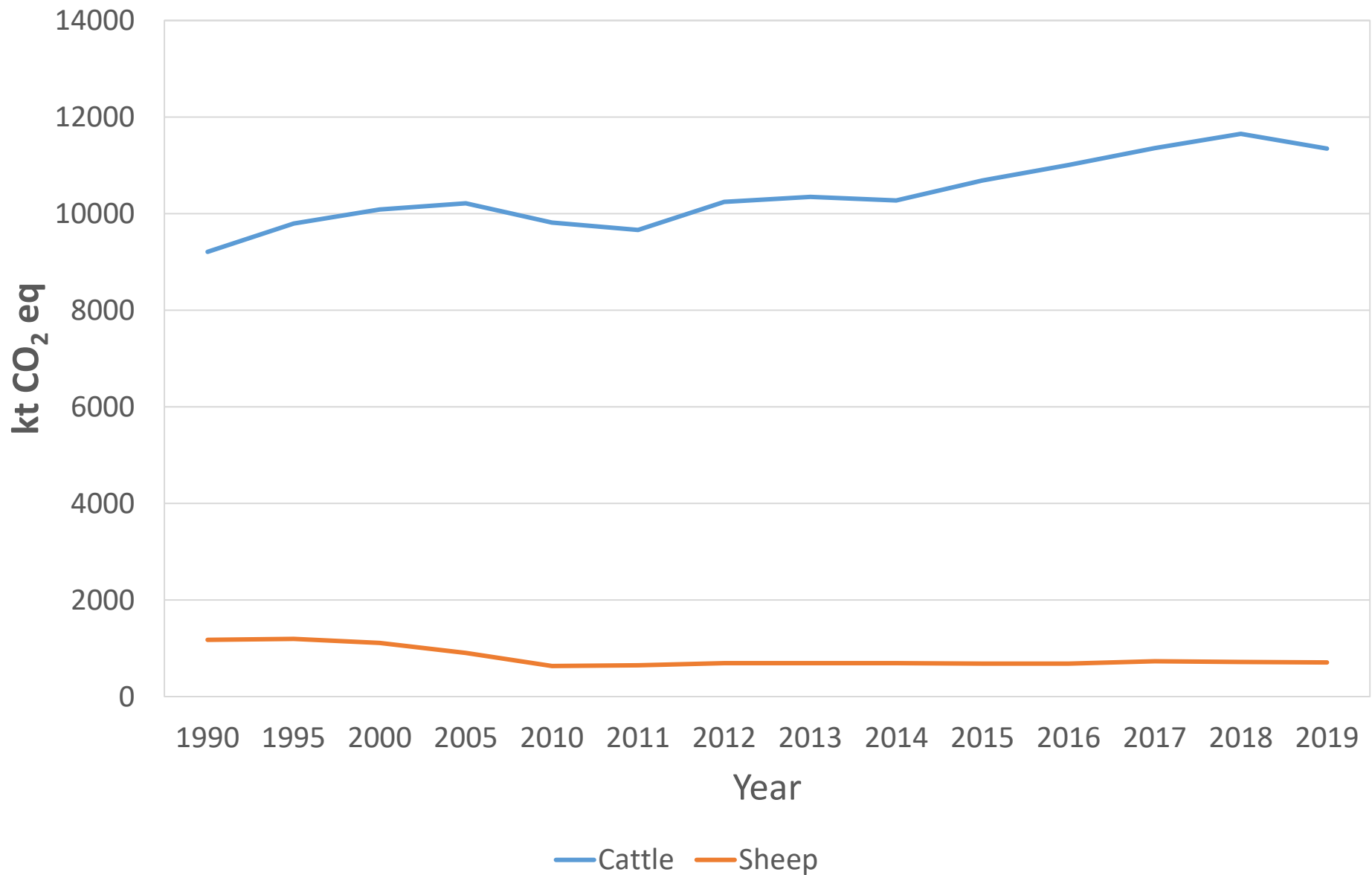


ENVIRONMENT

Animal Agriculture Responsible For 87% Of Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Finds New Report

Climate Healers says the United Nations' Food and Agriculture Organizations (FAO) has 'underestimated' the environmental impact of animal ag

Methane emissions



Why measure methane in sheep?

- Identify high and low emitters in the flock
- Develop breeding values for methane



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Topics:

Media Release

Sheep farmers now able to breed “low methane” sheep



In a world first, New Zealand sheep farmers now have the ability to breed animals that emit less methane.

Wednesday, 27 November 2019



Beef + Lamb New Zealand (B+LNZ) Genetics has launched a “methane research breeding value”. Breeding value (BV) is a term used to help select important traits that ram breeders want to bolster within their flock (e.g. low methane-producing animals).

PAC chambers



Measuring methane in sheep

245 g/day



Dry 19.27 g/day

Ewes

Lactating 23.57 g/day



260 g/day

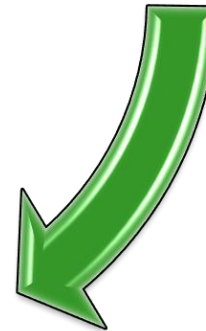


Lambs

At grass 3.63 g/day
On silage 8.62 g/day

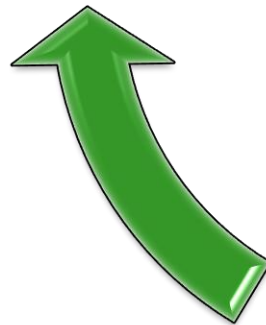


7.5 g/day



Hoggets

13.54 g/day



Genetics of methane

Genetics of methane across large population sheep

- PACs are mobile
 - Can measure 12 animals/ hour
 - 72 animals per day
- Flocks: CPT, BETTER farms & research
- **Preliminary results:**
 - 2,181 methane records → 921 animals
 - Heritability estimates 0.25
 - Top versus bottom 10%: 16.7 g/ day

Acknowledgements



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