







Tools to breed sheep with lower methane emissions

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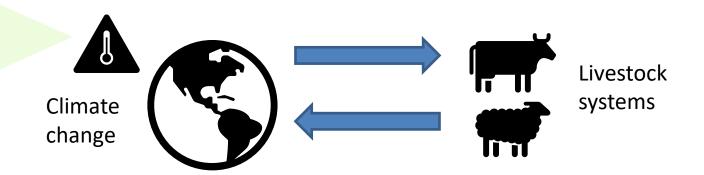
Leading the way in Agriculture and Rural Research, Education and Consulting

Genetic strategies - methane mitigation



Genetic solutions:

- a) Breeding for improved productivity / reduced waste
- b) Breeding for feed efficiency
- c) Breeding for direct reductions in methane emissions
 - Measuring methane directly
 - -Proxy measures to accurately predict methane / rank animals



Some phenotypes under research in sheep:



- Individual feed efficiency
 - Indoor automated feeders, individual pens
 - Outdoor n-alkanes, sensors/ bite meters, faecal NIR...
- Methane emissions
 - Respiration chambers



- Shorter-term methane measures:
 - Portable accumulation chambers, extraction hoods, sniffers, laser detectors ...
- Proxy measurements linked to rumen function:
 - Rumen volumes, rumen microbiome, rumen metabolites ...

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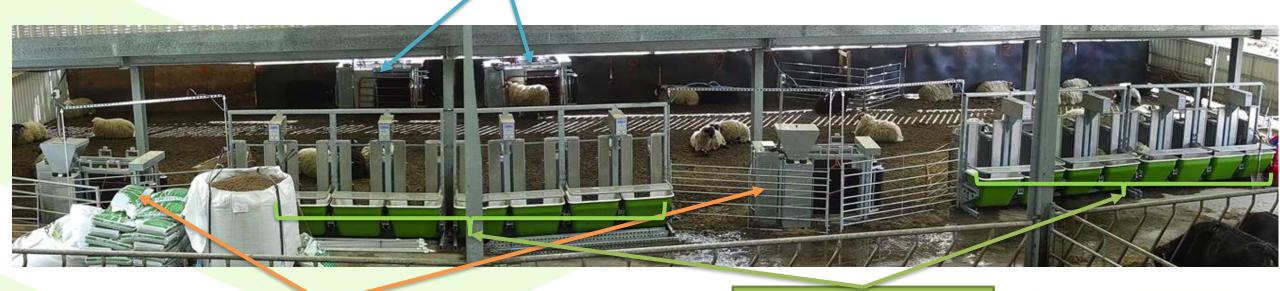


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Feed intake recording

SRUC

water crates





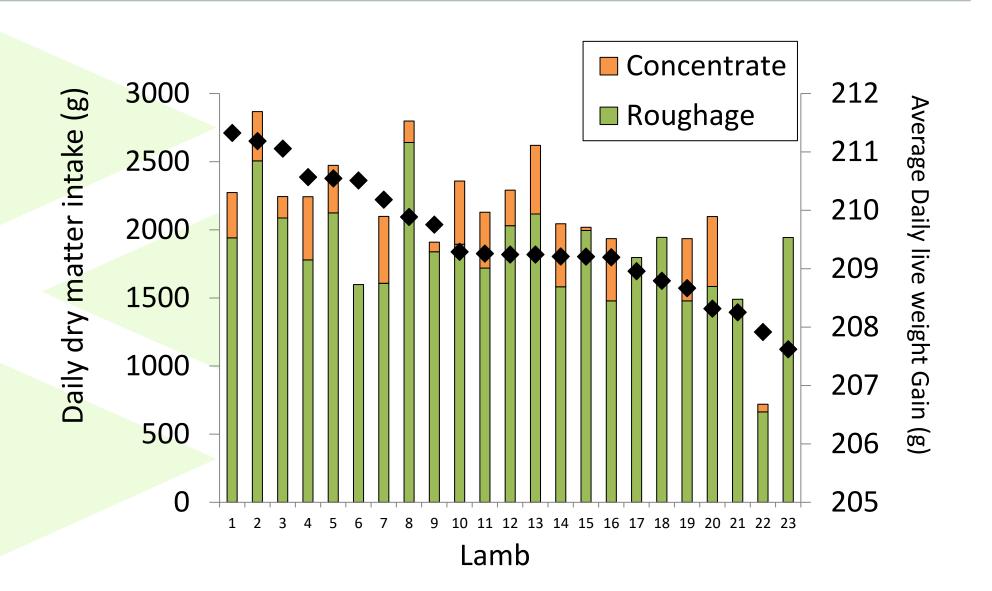
Concentrate crates

16x roughage troughs
Grass nuts
Ad lib



Pilot 1 - Intake and gain by lamb

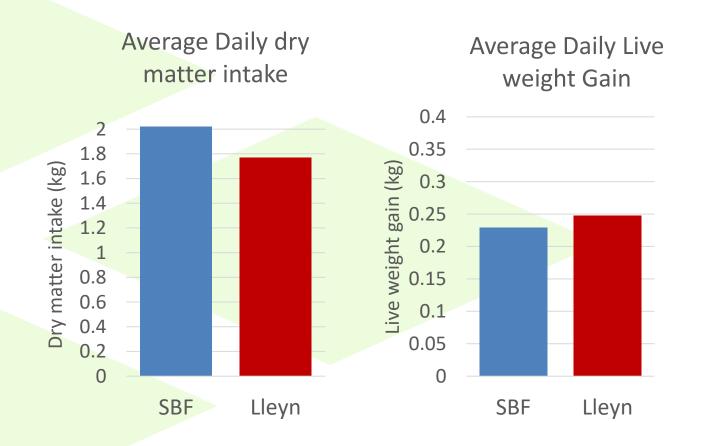


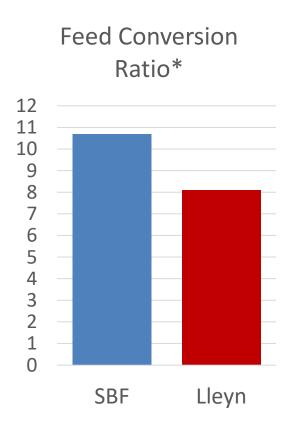


Averagedaily liveweight gain

Pilot 2 – Breed comparison @ finishing







*kg feed per kg live weight gain

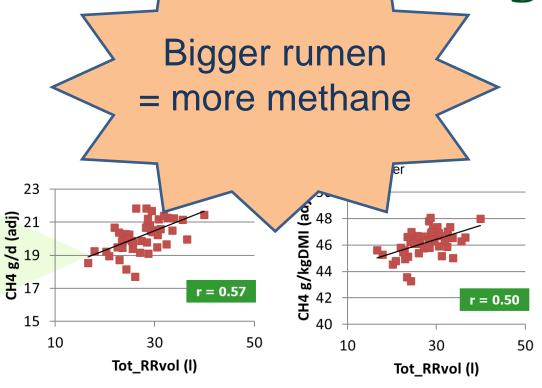
Rumen volume vs methane



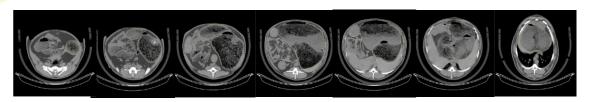








CT reticulo-rumen (RR) volume related to CH₄ emissions



Breed effect on rumen volume (RRvol)





Sire

Genetic effects on rumen volume



- Rumen volume measured from routine CT images
- Moderately heritable in Texel lambs (h² = 0.45)
 - potential for genetic selection within-breed?
- Genetic relationships with other economic / environmental traits?
 - Favourable CH₄ vs carcass traits (lean yield, dressing %)
 - Animals inefficient at digesting fibre produce less CH₄ (Cabezas-Garcia et al., 2017)
 - Different priorities in different production systems?





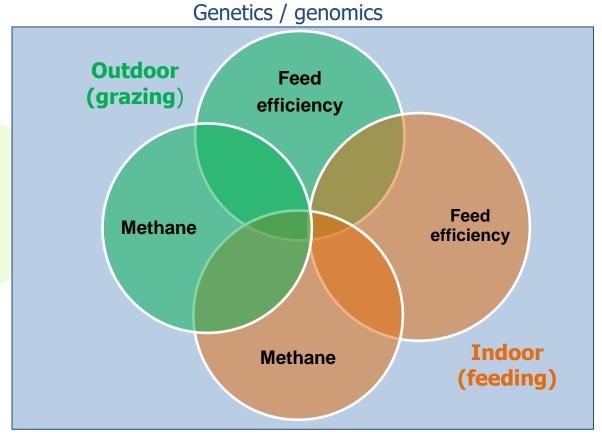


Grass to Gas project (2019-2023)



Strategies to mitigate GHG emissions from pasture-based sheep systems









WP1. Novel traits to improve resource use efficiency

Identify novel phenotypes related to resource use efficiency:

- feed efficiency
- body tissue mobilisation
- methane emissions

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Portable Accumulation chambers (PAC)

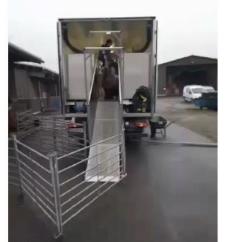














Conclusions



- Promising tools are being developed to measure traits related to GHG emissions from sheep
- Enabling genetic selection for reduced methane emissions
- International collaboration is key:
 - Avoids duplication of research effort / funding
 - Pools expertise
 - Accelerates industry implementation
 - Global problem requires global solution
 - SRUC: SG-funded research informing larger international projects



Acknowledgements



